

SOCIO-POLITICAL AND CULTURAL LIFE IN THE BUKHARA KHANATE OF THE XVI CENTURY

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ABSTRACT

This article reflects the events of socio-political and cultural life in the Bukhara Khanate in the 16th century. Mirzo Ulugbek's activities were also mentioned as the reasons for the Temurids' departure from power, in particular, the processes of the end of the Timurid rule in Central Asia and the emergence of the Shaybanid state during this period, the cultural environment in the Bukhara Khanate during the Shaybanid dynasty. Information is given about the poets, historians and their works created during this period. In the middle Ages, the Uzbek statehood and the origin of the term "Uzbek", the activities of science and madrassas and the activities of religious clerics in public administration are analyzed.

KEYWORDS: Social Life, Culture, Politics, Science, Uzbek, Madrasa, Mysticism, Sheikh, Academy, Astronomy, Poetry